

Course Content: Physics (Theory & Lab)

Code: BPH – 101/201

Pre-requisites	Basic knowledge of Maths (12 th level) and preliminary idea of Vector calculus
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MODULE- 1

Introductory Mechanics & Theory of Relativity:

Potential energy function $F = -\text{grad}(V)$, equipotential surfaces, meaning of gradient, divergence, curl and their physical significance, Conservative and Non-Conservative forces, Curl of a force, Central forces, Examples of Central forces, Conservation of Angular Momentum,.

Inertial and Non- Inertial Frames of reference, Galilean transformation, Michelson Morley Experiment, Lorentz Transformation, Length contraction, Time dilation and Evidences for time dilation, Relativistic velocity addition formula, Relativistic variation of mass with velocity, Evidence of mass variation with velocity, Einstein's Mass energy equivalence, Examples from nuclear physics, Relativistic energy momentum relation.

MODULE -2

Quantum Mechanics-Schrodinger Equation and its Applications:

Dual Nature of matter & Radiation, Heisenberg's uncertainty Principle and their applications, wave group concept, Davisson Germer experiment, Postulates of quantum mechanics, Significance of wave function, Derivation of Schrodinger equation for time independent and time dependent cases.

Application of Schrodinger wave equation for a free particle, Particle in a box (one dimensional and three dimensional), Simple harmonic oscillator (one dimensional).

MODULE – 3

Electromagnetic Theory:

Ampere's law and Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction, Maxwell's equations, Correction of Ampere's law by Maxwell (concept of displacement current), transformation from integral to differential form, Physical significance of each equation, Poynting theorem, Maxwell's equations in free space, velocity of electromagnetic wave, Transverse character of the wave and orthogonality of \mathbf{E} , \mathbf{H} and \mathbf{v} vectors, Maxwell's equation in dielectric medium and velocity of e.m. wave, Comparison with free space, Maxwell's equations in conducting media, Solution of differential equation in this case, penetration depth, its significance.

MODULE – 4

Materials of Technological Importance:

Dielectric Materials: Electric field in presence of dielectric medium, concept of electric polarization, different types of polarizations, dielectric in a.c. field, concept of dielectric loss and loss energy.

Semiconducting Materials: Concept of energy bands in solids, carrier concentration and conductivity in intrinsic semiconductors and their temperature dependence, carrier concentration and conductivity in extrinsic semiconductors and their temperature dependence, Hall effect in semiconductors, compound semiconductors.

Nano Materials: Basic principles of nanoscience and technology, preparation, structure and properties of fullerene and carbon nanotubes, applications of nanotechnology.

MODULE: 5

Statistical Mechanics & Lasers:

Phase space, the probability of distribution, most probable distribution, Maxwell-Boltzmann Statistics, Applications of Maxwell-Boltzmann Statistics, derivation of average velocity, RMS velocity and most probable velocity in the above case, Bose-Einstein Statistics, application to black body radiation, distribution law of energy, Planck's radiation formula and Stefan's law. Fermi – Dirac statistics, application in case of free electrons in metals, energy distribution, Fermi energy.

Lasers: Spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiations, Einstein's theory of matter-radiation interaction, Einstein's coefficients and relation between them, Population inversion, components of a laser, different kinds of lasers, Ruby laser, He-Ne laser, properties of laser beams, mono-chromaticity, coherence, directionality, and brightness, applications of lasers

References:

1. Physics, Marcelo Alonso, J. Finn Edwards, Addison Wesley
2. Perspectives of Modern Physics, Arthur Beiser, McGraw Hill
3. Engineering Physics, R. K. Shukla, Pearson Education
4. Electrical Engineering Materials, R.K. Shukla, McGraw Hill
5. Introduction to Electrodynamics, David Griffiths, Cambridge University Press
6. Principles of Engineering Physics, R.K. Shukla, Ira Books
7. Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, Willey

List of Experiments:(Any ten experiments)

1. To determine the energy of band gap of a N-type Ge-semiconductor using four probe method
2. Verification of Stefan's fourth power law for black body radiation, determination of the exponent of the temperature
3. Study of thermoelectricity: Determination of thermo-power of Copper-constantan thermo-couple
4. To study the variation of magnetic field with distance along the axis of current carrying coil and then to estimate the radius of the coil
5. Study of Carrey Foster's bridge: determination of resistance per unit length of the bridge wire and of a given unknown resistance
6. Determination of specific charge (charge to mass ratio; e/m) for electron
7. Study of tangent galvanometer: determination of reduction factor and horizontal component of earth's magnetic field
8. Determination of the wavelength of sodium light using Newton Rings' method
9. To determine the concentration of sugar solution using half shade polarimeter
10. Determination of wavelength of spectral lines of mercury (for violet, green, yellow-1 and yellow-2) using plane transmission grating
11. Determination of charge sensitivity and ballistic constant of a ballistic galvanometer
12. To determine the wavelength of spectral lines of hydrogen & hence to determine the value of Rydberg Constant
13. Draw the V-I characteristic of Light Emitting Diode (LED) and determine the value of Planck's constant